IN THE CLAIMS:

- (Currently Amended) A Receiver receiver for estimation or compensation of phase imbalance or gain imbalance, the receiver utilizing a QPSK modulation and a modulation scheme based on a complex scrambling code, the receiver comprising means for estimating the phase imbalance or gain imbalance before synchronization prior to symbol synchronization and for providing estimated and compensated 1 and Q components of an incoming LQ modulated signal for symbol synchronization.
- 2. (Currently Amended)ReceiverThe receiver according to claim 1, wherein the means for estimating the phase imbalance or gain imbalance before synchronisation synchronization comprises means for generating at least one first ratio selected from the group consisting of a second ratio, a third ratio and a fourth ratio; wherein second first ratio is a ratio between a cross correlation of said I and Q components (<I,Q>) of anthe incoming I/Q modulated signal and a mean value of a square of the I component (<I $^2>$); wherein the third ratio is a ratio between the cross correlation of the I and Q components and a square root of a product between a mean value of the square of the I component and a mean value of a square of the Q component ((<I $^2>$); and wherein the fourth ratio is a ratio between the mean value of the square of the Q component (<Q $^2>$) and the mean value of the square of the I (<I $^2>$) component.
- 3. (Currently Amended)Receiver <u>The receiver</u> according to claim 1, wherein the means for estimating the phase imbalance or gain imbalance before synchronisation <u>synchronization</u> comprises a low pass for low pass filtering the signals.

- 4. (Currently Amended)Receiver The receiver according to claim 1, further comprising means for compensating the phase imbalance or gain imbalance before synchronization based on at least one first ratio selected from the group consisting of a second ratio, a third ratio and a fourth ratio; wherein second first ratio is a ratio between a cross correlation of said I and Q components (<1,Q>) of anthe incoming I/Q modulated signal and a mean value of a square of the I component ($<1^2>$); wherein the third ratio is a ratio between the cross correlation of the I and Q components and a square root of a product between a mean value of the square of the I component and a mean value of a square of the Q component ($<1^2><1^2>$) and wherein the fourth ratio is a ratio between the mean value of the square of the Q component ($<1^2><1^2>$) and the mean value of the square of the I ($<1^2>>1$) component.
- 5. (Currently Amended)Receiver The receiver according to claim 1, wherein the receiver iscomprises a WCDMA (UMTS) receiver and wherein a feed-forward scheme or a feed-back scheme is established in the receiver.
- 6. (Currently Amended)Receiver The receiver according to claim 1, wherein the estimation of the phase imbalance or gain imbalance is carried out iteratively.
- 7. (Currently Amended) Method A method for estimation or compensation of phase imbalance or gain imbalance in a receiver utilizing a QPSK modulation and a modulation scheme based on a complex scrambling code, the demodulation method

comprising the step of: estimating the phase imbalance or gain imbalance before synchronization symbol synchronization; and

compensating the phase imbalance or gain imbalance on the basis of the at least one first ratio such that a feed-forward scheme or a feed-back scheme is established; wherein estimated and compensated I and Q components of an incoming 1/Q modulated signal are provided for symbol synchronization.

8. (Currently Amended)Method The method according to claim 7, further comprising the step of: determining at least one first ratio selected from the group consisting of a second ration, a third ratio and a fourth ratio; wherein second first ratio is a ratio between a cross correlation of I and Q components (<I,Q>) of an incoming I/Q modulated signal and a mean value of a square of the I component (<I $^2>$); wherein the third ratio is a ratio between the cross correlation of the I and Q components and a square root of a product between a mean value of the square of the I component and a mean value of a square of the Q component (<I $^2>$); and wherein the fourth ratio is a ratio between the mean value of the square of the Q component (<Q $^2>$) and the mean value of the square of the I (<I $^2>$) component.

9. (Canceled)

10. (Currently Amended)Method The method according to claim 7, wherein the estimation of the phase imbalance or gain imbalance is carried out iteratively.

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11. (Currently Amended) Computer A computer program for estimation or compensation of phase imbalance or gain imbalance in a receiver utilizing a QPSK modulation and a modulation scheme based on complex scrambling code comprising machine-readable code on machine readable media for performing, the computer program comprising the step of: estimating the phase imbalance or gain imbalance before synchronisation symbol synchronization; and

providing estimated and compensated Land Q components of an incoming I/Q modulated signal for symbol synchronization.

12. (Currently Amended) Method A method of iteratively compensating a phase imbalance or gain imbalance in a receiver, the receiver utilizing a QPSK modulation and a modulation scheme based on a complex scrambling code, comprising the steps of: a) determining an error function on the basis of samples of phase compensated in-phase components and quadrature components of a revived I/Q modulated signal; b) filtering the error function; c) integrating the filtered error function; d) determining a modified error function by adding the integrated and filtered error function to a product of the integrated and filtered error function and a parameter based on speed and stability; e) determining a corrected output signal of the I/Q components of the received signal on the basis of subsequent samples of phase compensated in-phase components and quadrature components of the received I/Q modulated signal and the modified error function; and f) returning to step a); and

providing estimated and compensated I and Q components of an incoming I/Q modulated signal to a symbol synchronizer for synchronization.

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13. (Currently Amended)Method A method of iteratively compensating a phase imbalance or gain imbalance in a receiver, the receiver utilizing a QPSK modulation and a modulation scheme based on a complex scrambling code, comprising the steps of: a) determining an error function on the basis of squared samples of phase compensated inphase components and quadrature components of a received I/Q modulated signal; b) filtering the error function; c) integrating the filtered error function; d) determining a modified error function by adding the integrated and filtered error function to a product of the integrated and filtered error function and a parameter based on speed and stability; e) determining a gain on the basis of a product of the modified error function and a factor; f) determining a corrected output signal of the I/Q components of the received signal on the basis of subsequent samples of phase compensated in-phase components and quadrature components of the received I/Q modulated signal and the gain; and g) returning to step a); and

providing estimated and compensated I and Q components of an incoming I/Q modulated signal to a symbol synchronizer for synchronization.

14. (New) The receiver according to claim 1, further comprising means for symbol synchronization which receives the estimated and compensated 1 and Q components and performs synchronization of the components. 15. (New) The receiver according to claim 14, wherein said means for synchronization comprises a Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS) synchronizer.